when moving your residence to or from the United States, if all of the following conditions are met:

- (1) The provisions of paragraphs (d)(1) through (3) of this section are met.
- (2) You own the specimen and are moving it for personal use.
- (3) You import or export your household effects within 1 year of changing your residence from one country to another.
- (4) The shipment, or shipments if you cannot move all of your household effects at one time, contains only specimens purchased, inherited, or otherwise acquired before you changed your residence.
- (f) African elephant worked ivory. You may export or re-export from the United States worked African elephant (Loxodonta africana) ivory and then reimport it without a CITES document if all of the following conditions are met:
- (1) The worked ivory is a personal or household effect that meets the requirements of paragraphs (c) through (e) of this section and you are a U.S. resident who owned the worked ivory before leaving the United States and intend to bring the item back to the United States.
- (2) The ivory is pre-Convention (see §23.45). (The African elephant was first listed in CITES on February 26, 1976.)
- (3) You may not sell or transfer the ivory while outside the United States.
- (4) The ivory is substantially worked and is not raw. *Raw ivory* means an African elephant tusk, or any piece of tusk, the surface of which, polished or unpolished, is unaltered or minimally carved, including ivory mounted on a stand or part of a trophy.
- (5) When you return, you are able to provide records, receipts, or other documents to show that the ivory is pre-Convention and that you owned and registered it before you left the United States. To register such an item you must obtain one of the following documents:
- (i) U.S. CITES pre-Convention certificate.
- (ii) FWS Declaration of Importation or Exportation of Fish or Wildlife (Form 3–177).

(iii) Customs and Border Protection Certificate of Registration for Personal Effects Taken Abroad (Form 4457).

[72 FR 48448, Aug. 23, 2007, as amended at 73 FR 40986, July 17, 2008]

§ 23.16 What are the U.S. CITES requirements for urine, feces, and synthetically derived DNA?

- (a) CITES documents. We do not require CITES documents to trade in urine, feces, or synthetically derived DNA.
- (1) You must obtain any collection permit and CITES document required by the foreign country.
- (2) If the foreign country requires you to have a U.S. CITES document for these kinds of samples, you must apply for a CITES document and meet the requirements of this part.
- (b) Urine and feces. Except as provided in paragraph (a) of this section, we consider urine and feces to be wildlife byproducts, rather than parts, products, or derivatives, and exempt them from the requirements of CITES and this part.
- (c) *DNA*. We differentiate between DNA directly extracted from blood and tissue and DNA synthetically derived as follows:
- (1) A DNA sample directly derived from wildlife or plant tissue is regulated by CITES and this part.
- (2) A DNA sample synthetically derived that does not contain any part of the original template is exempt from the requirements of CITES and this part.

§ 23.17 What are the requirements for CITES specimens traded internationally by diplomatic, consular, military, and other persons exempt from customs duties or inspections?

A specimen of a CITES species imported, introduced from the sea, exported, or re-exported by a person receiving duty-free or inspection exemption privileges under customs laws must meet the requirements of CITES and the regulations in this part.

§ 23.18 What CITES documents are required to export Appendix-I wild-life?

Answer the questions in the following decision tree to find the section

§ 23.18

in this part that applies to the type of CITES document you need to export Appendix-I wildlife. See §23.20(d) for CITES exemption documents or §23.92

for specimens that are exempt from the requirements of CITES and do not need CITES documents.

Decision Tree for Export of Appendix-I Wildlife

